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ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; YELIZAROV, Yu.A.

Research on chemoreception in insects and ticks: behavior of Ixodes persulcatus P. Sch. ticks under the action of repellents. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 33 no.1:47-53 Ja-F 64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Biologo-pochvennyy fakul tet Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova.

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; ZHUZHIKOV, D.P.; AVDEYEVA, Ye.V.

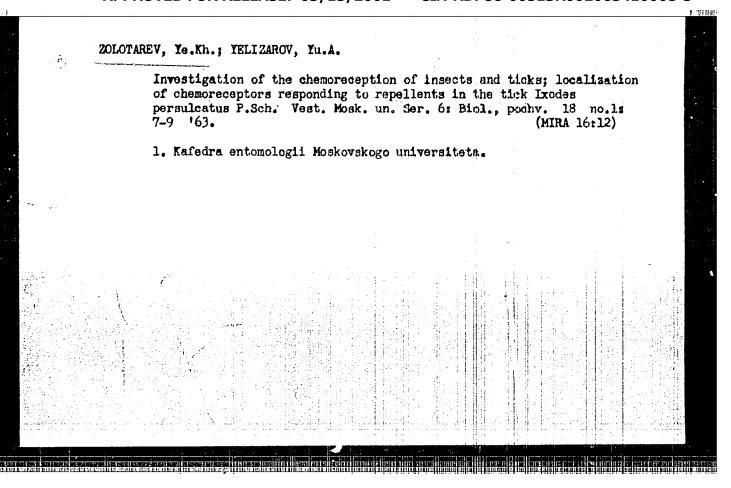
Dependence of the quality of Dalmatian pyrethrum on the methods of harvesting. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., poehv. 18 no.2: 40-42 Mr-Ap '63. (MIMA 17:10)

1. Komplekanaya laboratoriya po izucheniya sredstv i sposobov bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznyami rastemiy.

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; GAVERDOVSKIY, A.N.

Changes in the attitude of fleas to repellents in relation with the physiological condition of the insects. Zool. shur. 43 no.8: 1155-1160 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.



Zool.zhur. 41	of the order Parasitif	ormes and 1ts	(MIRA 16:	1)	
l. State Univ	versity of Moscow. (Insects—Anatomy)	(Entomology-	-Terminolog	y)	
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ZOLOTAREV, Ye. Kh.

Method of primary laboratory testing of repellents on fleas. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. no.6:738-739 '61. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz biologo-pochvennogo fakuliteta Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M. V. Lomonosova.

(INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS) (FIRAS)

TERENT'YEV. A.P.; KOST. A.N.; ZOLOTAREV. Ye.Kh.; VINOGRADOVA, Ye.V.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; YURGENSOH, I.A.

Tetrahydrophthalic acid esters and their homologs used as insect repellents. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; khim.i khim.tekh. 1 no.4:55-60 158. (KIRA 11:11)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova, Kafedra organicheskoy khimii i kafedra entomologii. (Cyclohexene dicarboxylic acid) (Insect haits and repellents)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; FEDDER, M.L.: KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; TUDIN, L.G.; DMITRIYRY, B.A.

A study of repellents. Report No.2: Acyltetrahydroquinolines as mosquito repellents. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.2: 37-40 158. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Predstavlena kafedrami entomologii i organicheskov khimii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V. Domonosova i TSentral'nym nauchno-issledovatel'skim dezinfektsionnym institutom Ministerstva zdravockhraneniya SSSR.

(Quinoline) (Mosquitoes) (Insect baits and repellents)

5(3)

AUTHORS:

Yudin, L.G., Kost, A.N., Zolotarev, Ye, Kh.,

and Mirza, A.N.

TITLE:

Some Derivatives of the Tetrahydroquinoline and Their Effect on Plant-Lice (Nekotoryye proizvodnyye tetrogidrokhinolina

i ikh deystviye na tley)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Moskovskogo Universiteta, Soriya matematiki, mekhaniki,

astronomii, fiziki, khimii,1958, Nr 2, pp 169-176 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Several combinations from the series of the 1,2,3,4 - tetrahydroquinoline were synthetically obtained. In a con-

centration of 0,5% in an emulsion most of them are toxis for plant-lice and show a high mortality. Some preparations have

highly caustic effect on plants.

There are 12 references, 5 of which are Soviet, 4 American,

and 3 German.

ASSOCIATION:

Kafedra organicheskoy khimii i kafedra entomologii

(Chair of Organic Chemistry and Chair of Entomology) [Moscow Univ.]

SUBMITTED:

April 3, 1957

Card 1/1

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ZOLOTAREV, Ye. En.; KAJAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Studying repellents. Report Ho.4: Acyltetrahydroquinolines and tetrahydrophthalates. Nauch.dokl.vys.shkoly;biol.nauki no.3:23-25 '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Predstavlena kafedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M.V.Lomonosova.

(INSECT BAITS AND REPRILENTS) (TICKS)

5(3), 17(12)

AUTHORS:

Terent'yev, A. P., Kost, A. N., Zolotarev, 307/153-58-4-9/22 Ye.Kh, Vinogradova, Ye. V., Kalakutskaya, T. V., Yurgenson, T. A.

TITLE:

I. The Esters of Tetrahydro-Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs as Insect Repellents (I. Efiry tetragidroftalevoy kisloty i yeye gomologov kak insektorepellenty)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Khimiya i khimicheskaya tekhnologiya, 1958, Nr 4, pp 55 - 60 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Although the insect repellents have been more and more applied so far and thousands of individual preparations have been tested, neither the relation between their structure and efficiency nor their mechanism of efficiency have been definitely clarified. For these reasons the search for new means was often unsuccessful, whereas hardly a few of the thousands of tested substances were practically used. Dimethyl phthalate is the most carefully investigated and practically most applied repellent. Yet it is not efficient in any case, and large-scale use of it is limited by raw material

Card 1/4

I. The Esters of Tetrahydro-Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs as Insect Repellents

\$07/153-56-4-9/22

scarcity. The authors synthetized other prospective repellents: "Indolon", "Rudzhers-612" (in the USSR RP -52) and "Dimelon" (RP-50), which had the same effect asor a weaker effect than dimethyl phthalate on various nosquito species. RP. -50 was a little more active than others. Therefore the authors investigated, according to the structural analogy, a series of esters of the tetra-hydro phthalic acid (RP-1, RP-2, RP-5, RP-17, RP-20, RP-23, RP-33 and RP-51). Dimethyl, diethyl and dibuty. phthalate were used for comparison. The compounds investigated are related in structure to dimethyl phthulate, but differ by their lack of aromatic bonds in the 6-membered ring. Diene hydrocarbons and maleic anhydride, which are easily obtained by benzene or furfural-oxidation, were the raw materials used for that purpose. In summer of 1954, Ye.Kh.Zolotarev and N.A. Tamarina investigated at the Belomorskaya biologicheskaya stantsiya MGU (White Sea Biological Station of the university mentioned in the title) the effect of individual preparations on mosquitces Aedes communis and Ae.dorsalis and cerato-

Card 2/4

I. The Esters of Tetrahydro Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs as Insect Repellents

SOV/153-58-4-9/22

pogonides of the species Culicoides. At the Ryszenskiy meditsinskiy institut imeni I.P.Pavlova (Ryazan Medical Institute imeni I.P.Pavlov) it was found that a narcotic effect (fusel-oil drunkenness) is excreised by the dibutyl esters upon rate and rabbits. Largescale tests in 1956 showed that the preparations RP -1 and RP -50 protect efficiently against the mosquitoes: Aedes vexans, A.maculatus, A.excrucians, A.Cyprius, A. cataphylla, A. punctor, A. communis, A. cimereus, A. dorsalis, and Anopheles bifurcatus. A table shows the comparative efficiency of individual repellents. It results from this that the repellents RP-1, RP-17 and RP-51, which were investigated for the first time, are equal to dimethyl phthalate with respect to their efficiency. The efficiency degree of vorious mixtures of these compounds was not higher. Further investigations would be necessary only of RP-44 (disethyl phthelate with diethyl adipate), RP - (the same with dibutyl sebacinete) and RP-47 (the same with anisole), since they are a little longer efficient against mosquitoes. All preparations

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I. The Esters of Tetrahydro Phthalic Acid and Its Homologs as Insect Repullents

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were investigated as to their acidity, which causes skin irritation, as is known. It was found that the introduction of a methyl or mothylent group into the structure of the dimethyltetrahylro phthalate does not exert considerable influence upon the activity of the preparation. Admixtures were supplied by P.A.Moshkin, Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences, USSR, and V.I.Lyubomilov, Condidate of Chemical Sciences. There are 1 table and 18 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.Y.Lomonosova (Moscow State University imeni M.Y.Lomonosov) Kafedra organicheskoy khimii i hafedra entomologii (Chair of Organic Chemistry and Chair of Entomology)

SUBMITTED: Card 4/4 November 2, 1957

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ZOLOTAREV, Ye.K.; KALININA, V.Ye.

Change of thermodynamic functions in the hydration of lanthanide trivalent cations. Zhur.neorg.khim. 7 no.6:1224-1227 Je 162. (MIRA 1516)

1. Lisichanskiy filial gosudarstvennogo instituta asotnoy promyshlennosti. (Rare earth metals) (Hydration)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; MITROFANOV, V.G.; YUDIN, L.G.; STYAZHKINA, N.B.

Investigation of repellents. Report No.12: Repellent action of N-acylindolines on the fleas Kenopsylla cheopis Roths.

Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., pochv. 16 no.4:58-61 Jl-Ag '61.

(IMA 14:7)

1. Kompleksnaya laboratoriya po izucheniyu sredstv i sposobov bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznymni rasteniy Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

(IMSECT RAITS AND REPELIENTS)

(FLEAS)

(INDOLINE)

AVDEYEVA, Ye.V.; ZHUZHIKOV, D.P.; ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; SAGITULLIN, R.S.

Insecticidal properties of some pyrazolyl carbamates. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., pochv. 16 no.6:19-25 N-D '61. (MIRA 15:1)

l. Kompleksnaya laboratoriya po izucheniyu sredstv i sposobov bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznyami rasteniy Moskovskogo universiteta.

(Insecticides) (Carbamic acid)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; BATAYEV, P.S.; DEVYATOVA, V.I.

Study of repellents. Report No.11: Relation between repellency and the chemical structure of acylated piperidines and hexamethylen-imines. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.4:16-19 '61.

1. Rekomendovana kompleksnoy laboratoriyey biologo-pochvennogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universitata im. M.V. Lomonosova i Institutom meditsinskoy parazitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny.

(INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS)
(PIPERIDINE) (METHYLENIMINE)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; KUZNETSOVA, Yu.I.

Entomological evaluation of the new repellent berzinine.
Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., pochv. 16 no.4:??-44 J1-Ag
'61.

1. Kompleksnaya laboratoriya po izucheniyu sradstv i sposobov
bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznyami rasteniy Moskovskogo
gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

(INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS)

(METHYLENIMINE)

ZOLOTAREV, Ye. Eh.; YUDIN, L.G.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; KUST, A.N.

Testing of repellents. Haport No.7:219-222 *60.

(QUINOLINE)

(QUINOLINE)

Studies on repellents. Part 10: Diethyltolusmides; comparative studies on flea-repellent properties of ortho-, mata- and paraisomers. Med.paraz. i paraz.bol. 29 no.51559-563 S-0 '60.

(HIRA 13:12)

(HIRA 13:12)

KOST, A.M.; FRDDER, M.L.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.; BURINOVA, L.I.;

ZOLOT.REV, Ye.Kh.

Hepellents. Part 8: Insect-repellent effect of some esters and glycols. Vest.Mosk.un.Ser. 2: Khim. 15 no.3:70-74 Hy-Je '60.

1. Asfedra organicheskoy khimii i entomologii Moskovskogo universiteta, TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut dezinfektsii i Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh mass.

(Insect baits and repellents)

(Phthalic acid)

\$/076/60/034/008/023/039/xx B015/B063

AUTHORS:

Vasil'yev, V. P., Zolotarev, Ye. K., Kapustinskiy, A. F., Mishchenko, K. P., Podnornaya, Ye. A., and Yatsimirskiy, K.B.

TITLE:

The Most Probable Values of Chemical Heats, Energies, and Entropies of the Hydration of Various Ions at Infinite Dilution and 25°C

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, 1960, Vol. 34, No. 8,

pp. 1763 - 1767

In the last 11 years three of the present authors have published values of the chemical heats \mathbb{H}_h^i and energies \mathbb{Z}_h^i of hydration and of the entropy S; of various ions in aqueous solutions (Refs. 1-3). As these values disagree and since many topochemical characteristics have been improved during the last few years, the most probable values of the abovementioned quantities have been thoroughly checked. Results are given in a table; two methods were used to calculate the values for \mathbb{AH}_h^1 as from the Card 1/7

The Most Probable Values of Chemical Heats, Energies, and Entropies of the Hydration of Various Ions at Infinite Dilution and 25°C

\$/076/60/034/008/023/¢39/XX B015/B063

equation $\triangle H_h^i = (-\triangle H_{aq}^i + \triangle H_{gas}^i - 102.5 \cdot n)$ kcal/g·ion (1) ($\triangle H_{aq}^i$ and $\triangle H_{gas}^i$ = standard variations of the enthalpy of the ion during its formation in solution or gaseous state; - 102.5 kcal/g·ion = standard variation of enthalpy during the production of a hydrated proton in an aqueous solution of infinite dilution; n = ion charge). b) The table also contains the average values of the simultaneous calculation of $\triangle H_h^i$ from the total chemical heat of hydration $\triangle H_h^i$ of the electrolyte at infinite dilution, from the energy $\triangle H_{lat}$ of the crystal lattice, from the integral heat of solution $\triangle H_0$, and from the values of the thermochemical cycle. The initial values for the calculation of $\triangle H_h^i$ are given in columns 3 and 4; $\triangle H_{lat}^0$ = standard entropy of water ions referred to the entropy of the proton in the aqueous solution $\triangle H_{lat}^0$ = standard entropy of gaseous ions; $\triangle H_{lat}^i$ = chemical entropy of ion hydration; and

Card 2/7

The Most Probable Values of Chemical Heats, Energies, and Entropies of the Hydration of B015/B063 Various Ions at Infinite Dilution and 25°C

Ash = (So - So gas + 6.35) e.u. (5). There are 1 table and 19 references: 13 Soviet and 6 US.

SUBMITTED: November 15, 1958

Text to the table: The Most Probable Values of Chemical Heats, Entropies, and Energies of Hydration of Various Ions at Infinite Dilution and 25°C; Column 1: ion; 2: - AHh, kcal/g·ion; 3: e.u.; 4: \$o gas, e.u.; 5: e.u.; 6: kcal/g·ion.

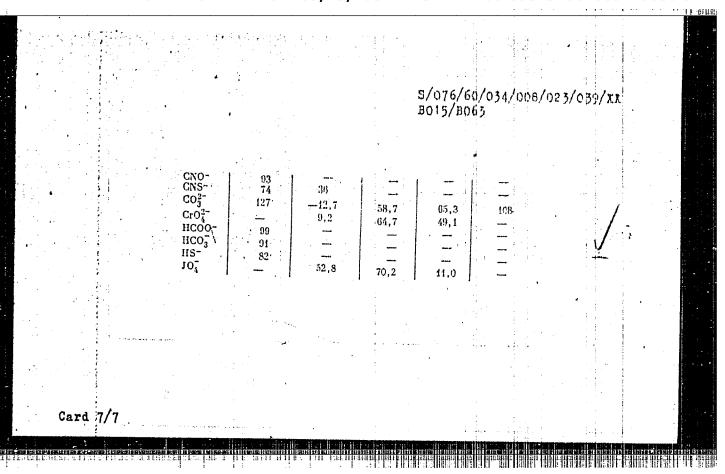
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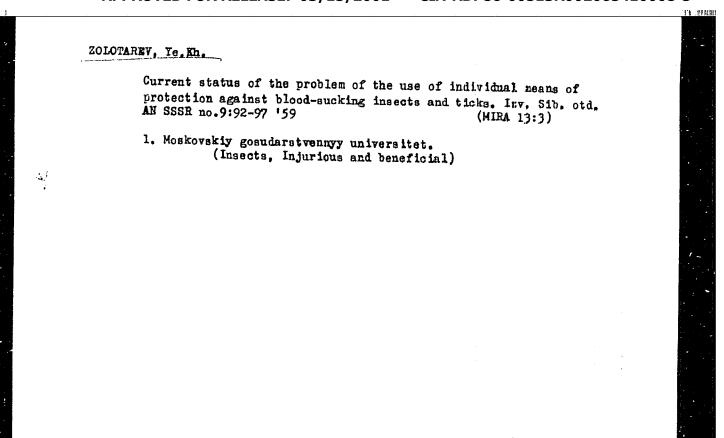
ZOLOTAREV, Ye. Ch.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Study of repellents. Report No.9: Diethyltoluamides. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., pochv. 15 no.3:18-21 My-Je 160. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Kompleksnaya laboratoriya po izucheniyu sredstv i sposobov, bor'by s vrednymi zhivotnymi i boleznyami rasteniy Moskovskogo universiteta.

(Insect baits and repellents)
(Toluamide)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065410008-5"



ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; SAF'YANOVA, V.M.; KALAKUTSKAYA, T.V.

Study of repellents. Report No.6: Kusol-impregnated Pavlovskii's nets as a means of protection against mosquitoes and black flies. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.4:26-29 159.

(HIRA 12:12)

l.Rekomendovana kafedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M.V. Lomonosova i Institutom epidemiologii i mikrobiologii im. N.F. Gamaleya.

(Insect baits and repellents)
(Quinoline)

YUDIN, L.G.; KOST, A.N.; ZOLOTAREV, Ya.Kh.; MIRZA, A.H.

Some tetrahydroquinoline derivatives and their effect on plant lice. Vest.Mock.un.Ser.mat.,mekh.,astron.,fis.,khim. 13 no.2: 169-176 158. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Kafedra organicheskov khimii i kafedra entomologii Moskovskogo universiteta.

(Quinoline) (Plant lice) (Insecticides)

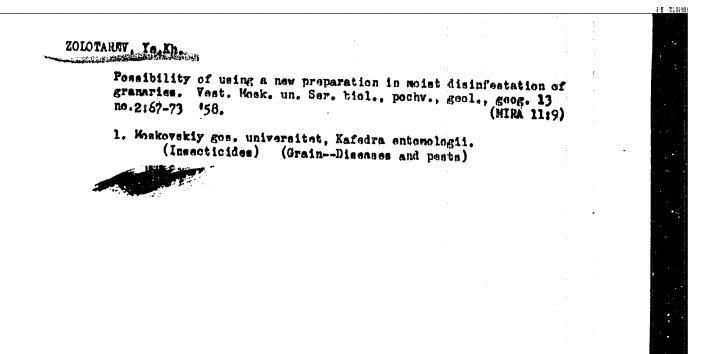
Study of repellents. Report No.5: Relation between the degree of repellency and chemical structure of acyltetrahydroquinolines. Mauch.dokl.vys.shkoly; biol.nauki no.1:20-26 '59.

(MTRA 12:5)

1. Rekomendovana knfedroy entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. N.V.Lomonosova.

(QUINOLINE) (INSECT BAITS AND REPELLENTS)

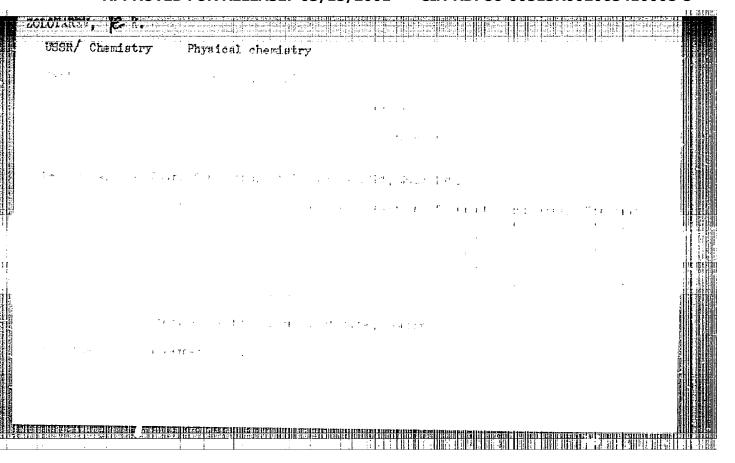
ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.; FEDDER, M.L.; YUDIN, L.G.; YURGENSON, I.A. Study of repellents. Report No.3: Acyltetrahydroquinolines as protective substances against fleas. Vest. Mosk.un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol., geog. 13 no.3:43-52 '58. (MIRA 12:1) 1. Kafedry organicheskoy khimii entomologii Moskovukogo gos. universiteta i TSentral'myy dezinfektsionmyy nauchno-isuledovatel'skiy institut. (Quinoline) (Fleas) (Insect baits and repellents)



ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh., KOST, A.N., FEDDER, M.L., YUDIN, L.G., URBERSON, I.A.

Measures for human protection against rat flea attacks. Emach.dokl.
vys.ahkoly;biol.nauki no.1:44-45 '58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Predatavlena kafedrami entomologii i organicheskoy khimii
Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. H.V. Lomonosova i
TSentral'uyu nauchno-iusledovatel'skin desinfektsionnym institutom
Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.
(IMSECT BAITS AND REFELLENTS)
(FIRAS)



(Hydration)

VASIL'YEV, V.P.; ZOLOTAREV, Ye.K.; KAPUSTINSKIY, A.F.; MISHCHERKO, K.P.; PODGORHAYA, Ye.A.; YATSIMIRSKIY, K.B. Most probable values for the chemical heats, energies and entropies of hydration of individual ions at infinite dilution and 25°C. Zhur. fiz. khim. 34 no.8:1763-1767 Ag 160. (MIRA 13:9) (Ions)

ZOLOTAREV, YE. K.

"Study of Oxalate Groups in Solutions." Min. Higher Education USSR, Tvanovo Chemical Engineering Inst., Ivanovo, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate of Chemical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 22, 1955, pp 93-105

ZOLOTAREV, Ye. K.

ZOLOTAREV, Ye. K.: "Investigation of exalate complexes in solution."

Min Higher Education USSR. Ivanovo Chemicotechnological Inst.
Ivanovo, 1956 (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Chemical Science)

Source: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 28 1956 Moscow

ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.

New Substances toxic to house flies. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol., geog. 12 no.1:141-146 '57. (MIRK 10:11)

1. Kafedra entomologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(Flies) (Insecticides)

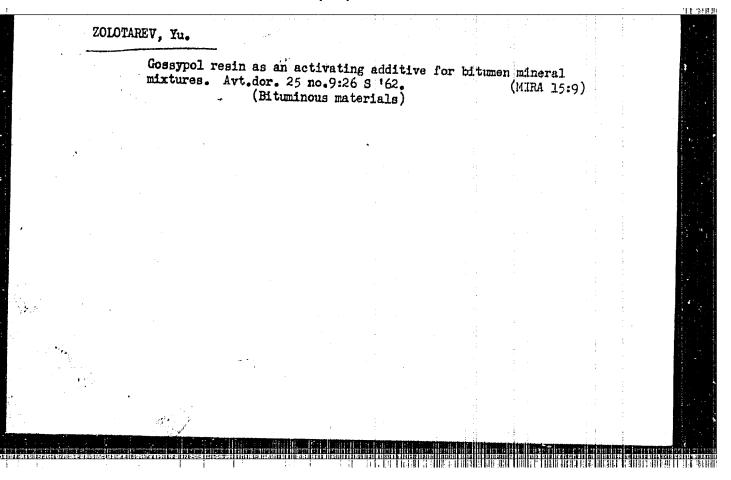
Chemical for poisoning DDT-resistant flies. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol., geog. 12 no.1:147-152 '57. (MEM 10:11)

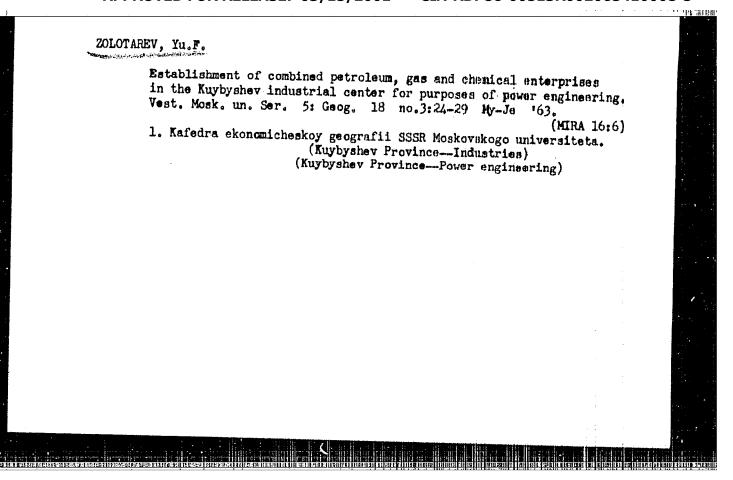
1. Kafedra entomologii Moskevskogo gosudarstvennego universiteta. (Flies) (Insecticides)

YURINA, Ye.V.; ZOLOTAREV, Ye.Kh.

Increase in productivity of Pyrethrum reseum Scop. and Pyrethrum carneum Scop. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6; Biol., pochv. 19 no.3:4850 My-Je '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Kafedra entomologii Moskovskogo universiteta,





Dissertation: "Holomorphic Functions With a Countable Number of Arguments and Cheir Application to Differential Equations." Cand Phys-Math Sci. Azakh State U inemi S. M. Kiror, 20 Acr 5h. (Kazakh tanakaya Prunda, Alma-Ata, 18 A r 5h)

SO: SUM 2h3, 19 Oct 105h

SOV/44-58-4-2923

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, 1958, Nr 4, p 64 (USSE)

AUTHOR: Zolotarev, Yu. G.

TITLE: On Stability by the First Approximation (Ob ustoychivosti po pervomu priblizheniyu)

PERIODICAL: Izv. AN KazSSR, ser. matem. 1 mekhan., 1956, Nr 5(9)

ABSTRACT: A study is made of a system of differential equations $\frac{d(X_{i})}{dt} = \frac{p_{SI}(X_{i}) + \dots + p_{SL}(X_{i}) + d_{S}(t_{i}, X_{i}) + d_{S}(t_{i}, X_{i})}{dt}$ where $p_{SI}(t)$ are continuous at $t \ge 0$, and L in the region $|X_{i}| \le |R_{i}|$, $t \ge 0$ are continuous with respect to t and satisfy the inequalities

Ids(t, x,, ,, xn) | ≤ Au2; |ds(t, x) - ds(t, x) | ≤ Au Διι - Q)

U= max_s=1, ..., n (|Xs|), AU= max_s(|X'_s-X''_s), A-const,

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On Stability by the First Approximation

Let X(t) be a matrix of a certain fundamental system of solutions of the first approximation of equations (1), Y(t) its inverse matrix, and $\{f\}$ a family of continuous functions at $t \ge 0$ such that $\max_{S,K} (|X_{SK}(t)|) \le f(t)$ A few results are cited.

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Theorem 1. If there exists a bounded function $f(t) \in \{f\}$ such that

max_{S,K,m} | x_{S,K}(t)| $\int_{t_0}^t \mathcal{Y}_{Km}(t)$ | \times $f^2(t) dt \leq Mf(t)$, then the null solution of system (1) is stable at any selection of L_s which satisfy condition (2). If in addition $f(t) \to 0$ at $t \to \infty$, then the null solution of system (1) is asymptotically stable. It is stated that such a function $f(t) \in \{f\}$ exists if the system of the first approximation is correct and all its characteristic numbers are positive. Thence consequently are derived the sufficient criteria of stability of Persidskiy and

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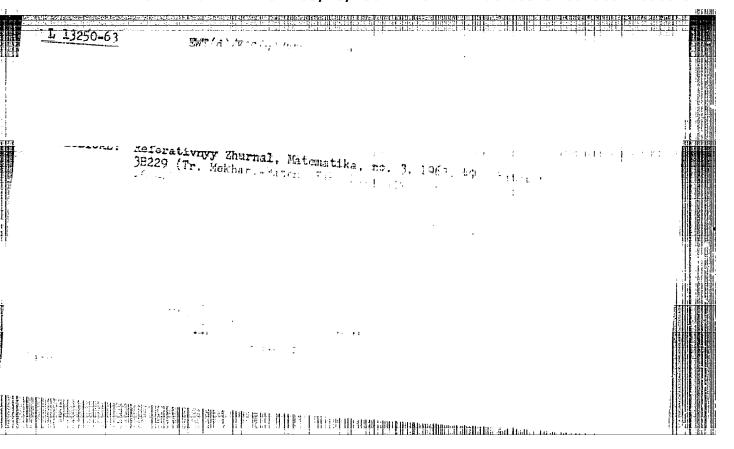
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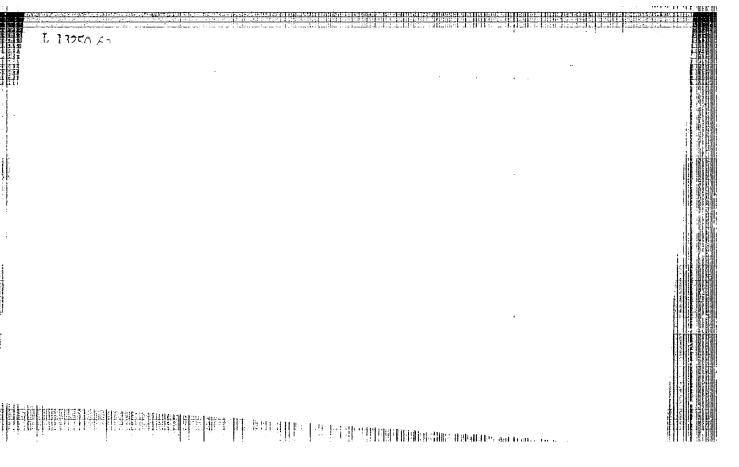
On Stability by the First Approximation

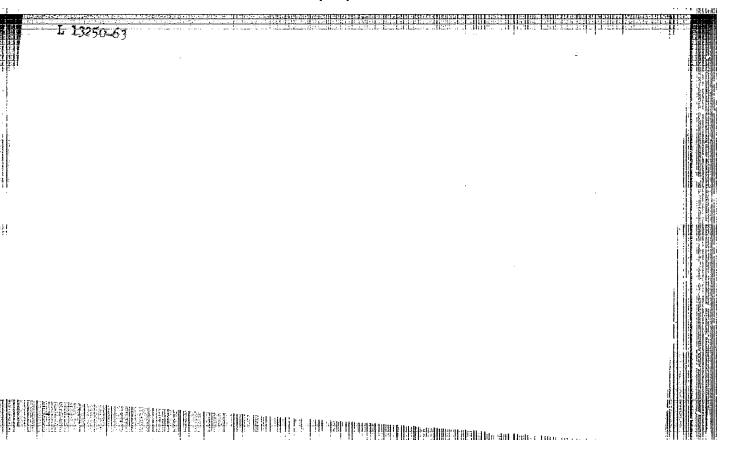
Malkin. Results are also derived which hold for certain cases where characteristic numbers of the system of first approximation are equal to zero.

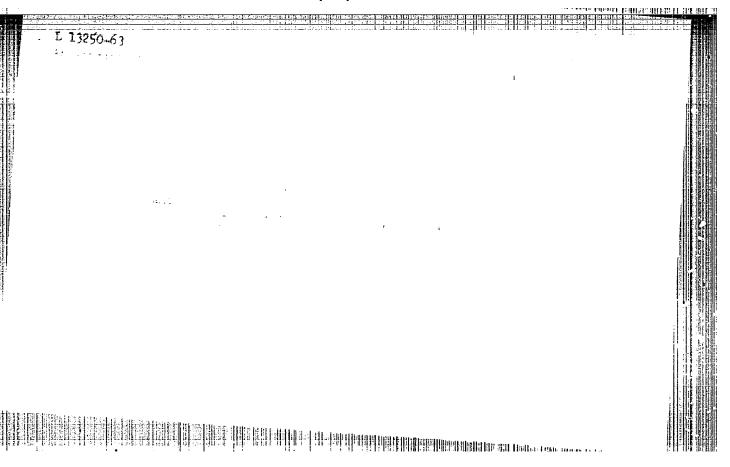
V.R. Petulchov

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ZOLOTAREV, Yu. G

- a. Contribution to the Theory of a Degenerated Case of a Characteristic Equation for a System of Differential Equations with Retarded Arguement, p.45 b. Holomorphic Functions with a Denumerable Number of Agruments in DDfferential
- c. Approximation of the Functions of Many Variables by Using the Mean-squares Method 89

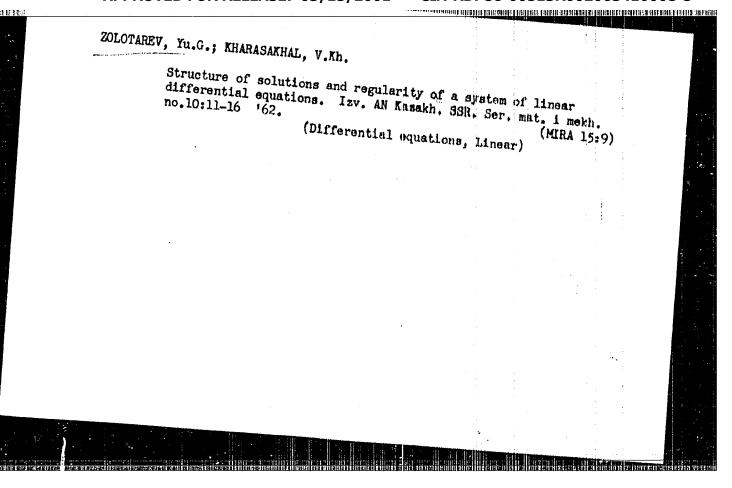
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Approximation of the Functions of Many Variables by Using the Mean-squares Method p. 89

TRANSACTIONS OF THE 2ND REPUBLICAN CHEERENCE OF MARKEMATICS AND MECHANICS (TRADY YYRROY RESPUBLIKANDYOY KOMPERENCES) POMATEMATICE AND MECHANICS pages, published by the Publiching House of the AS MAXMEM SER, AMPARATA, USER, 1962

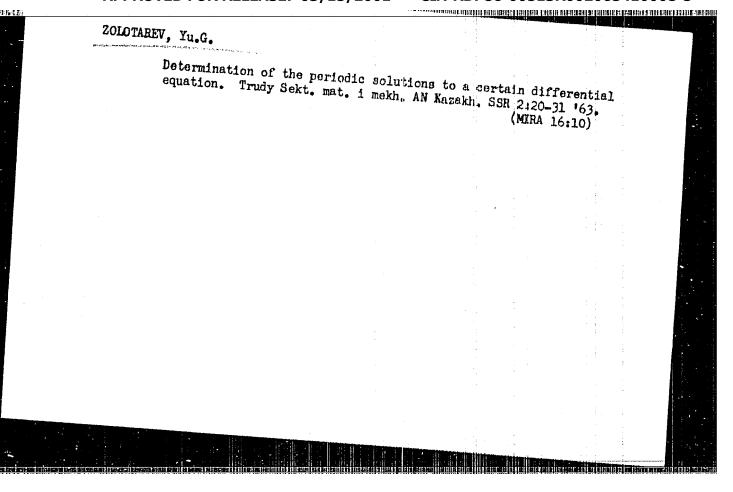
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5/181/61/003/002/031/050 B102/B201

AUTHORS:

Drokin, A. I., Dylgerov, V. D., and Zolotarev, Yu. M.

TITLE:

11511

Dynamics of powder patterns on magnesium-manganese-

PERIODICAL:

Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 3, no. 2, 1961, 553-557

TEXT: Results obtained from studies of the domain structure of magnesium-manganese-ferrite single crystals with a rectangular hysteresis loop are offered within the framework of the problems concerning the relationship between the form of hysteresis and the domain structure. These spinel-type single crystals were grown from a solution by A. G. Titova at the Institut poluprovodnikov AN SSSR (Institute of Semiconductors AS USSR) and had the following composition: 0.5 mole% Fe₂0₃ +

+ 0.4 mole% MnO + 0.1 mole% MgO. The following temperature-time characteristic was followed: heating from 20 to 1370°C during three hours, holding at 1370°C during three hours, cooling to 1200°C (rate: 60°/hr), further cooling to 800°C (15°/hr). The crystals obtained were

Card 1/4

20133

Dynamics of powder patterns on ...

5/181/61/003/002/031/050

plate-shaped, 0.1-0.3 mm thick, and up to 10 mm in diameter. crystals displayed mirror faces, so that no polishing was necessary. The crystal orientation was determined with an X-ray apparatus of the type YPC-70 (URS-70), and the plate surface was found to be parallel to the (110)-plane (lattice constant: 0.5 A). The magnetic suspension used was prepared in the usual manner, and the patterns obtained therewith were examined with an MEN-6 (MBI-6) microscope. Magnetization and magnetic reversal were performed by means of a special electromagnet, with fields up to 26 cersteds. Numerous microphotographs of powder patterns are shown (not reproducible) and discussed. The following results were obtained: 1) if magnesium-manganese-ferrite single crystals are magnetized by a field in the [01] direction, the domain boundaries are displaced in the case of very weak fields only; in fields whose strength approaches the coercive force, the magnetization vectors undergo an Umklapp process into the field direction, with the form of the domain structure being essentially conserved; 2) in the magnetic reversal of single crystals by a field lying in the [D11] direction, no displacement of the boundaries between the domains is observable, and there only take place Umklapp processes with the domain structure being

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20:133

Dynamics of powder patterns on ...

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conserved. In fields near the coercive force, the magnetimation vectors undergo an Umklapp process; 3) when single crystals undergo magnetization and magnetic reversal by fields in perpendicular to the [011] direction, a displacement of the boundaries and an Umklapp process of the magnetization vectors will be observable, while the patterns will not undergo any abrupt changes; 4) the mechanism of the processes of magnetic reversal of ferrites with rectangular hystoresis differs from that in metals. No appearance and growth of nuclei with magnetic reversal is observable on a change of direction and magnitude of the field. The rectangular shape of the hysteresis in polycrystalline ferrites can be assumed to be caused by crystals whose [011] axes lie in the field direction, and that in this connection Umklapp processes play the main role, a displacement of boundaries, however, not being excluded for the other crystals. A. G. Titova is finally thanked for having prepared the single crystals. N. S. Akulov and Ye. I. Kondorskiy are mentioned. There are 4 figures and 12 references:

Card 3/4

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Dynamics of powder patterns on ...

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ASSOCIATION:

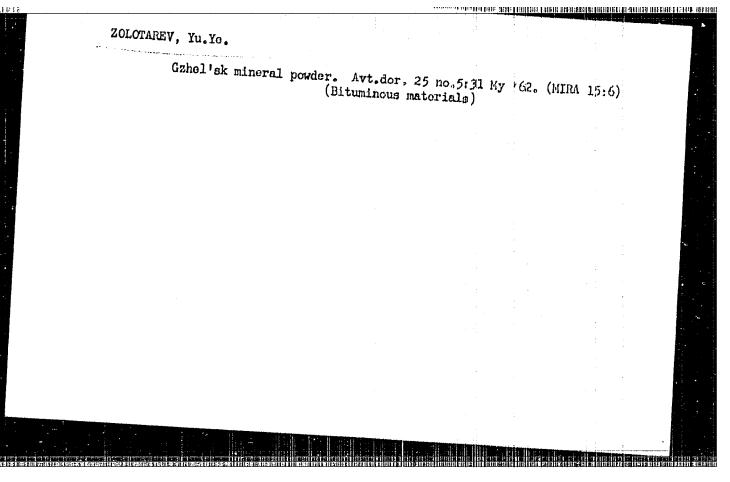
Institut fiziki Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR Krasnoyarsk (Institute of Physics of the Siberian Department of the

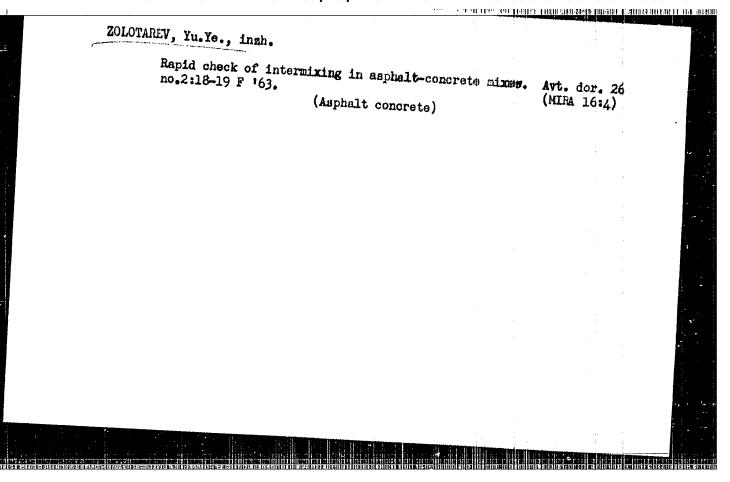
AS USSR, Krasnoyarsk)

SUBMITTED:

June 13, 1960

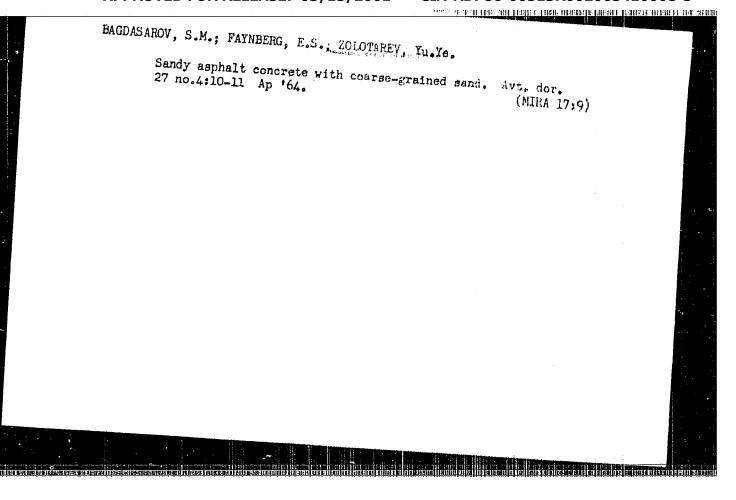
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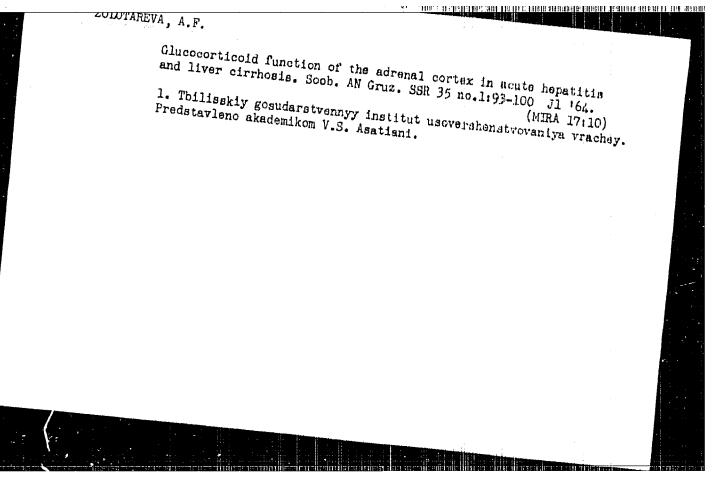
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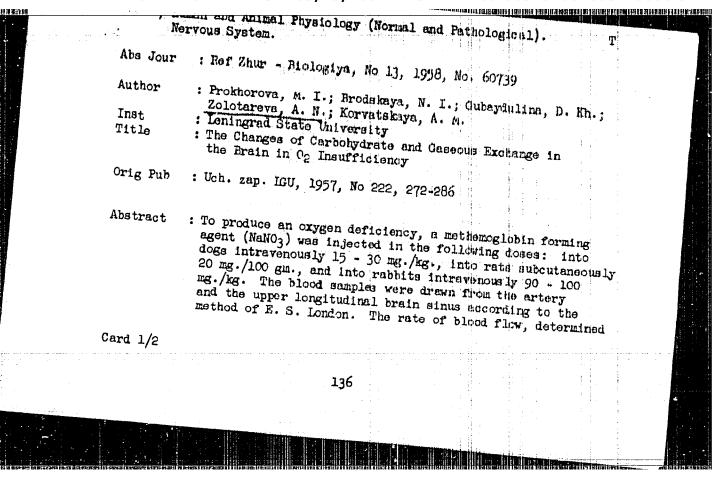
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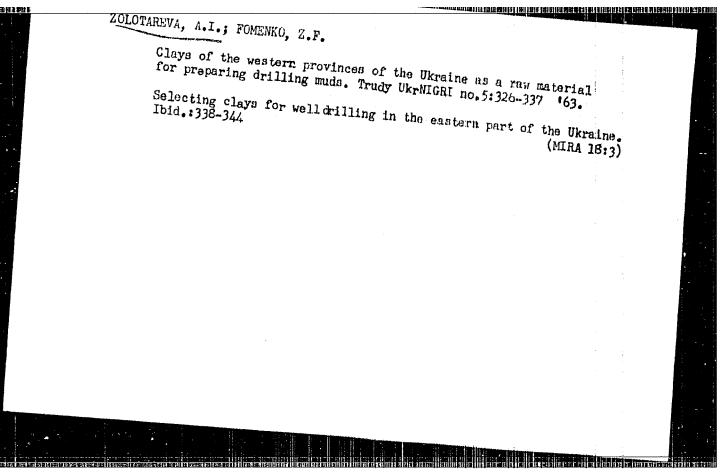
REZNIKOV, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; KURASOVA, N.A.; ZOLOTAREVA, A.A.

Potenticmetric titration for determining the composition of sulfonation products of higher aliphatic alcohols. Masl.(NIRA 15:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskikh zhirozameniteley i moyushchikh sredstv.
(Alcohols) (Sulfonation)







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CIA-RDP86-00513R002065410008-5

ZOIOTAREVA, A.I.. GRINBERG, Z.F.

Possibility of using bentonites in the preparation of drilling muds. Bent.gliny Ukr. no.3:99-107 '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Ukrainskoye otdeleniye Vsesoyusnogo mauchno-isaledovatel'-skogo geologorarvedochnogo neftyanogo instituta.

(Transcarpathia-Dentonite)

(Oil well drilling fluide)

New raw material for drilling fluids. Razved. i okh. nedr 28 no.2:51-52 F '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Trest "Kiyevgeologiya" (for Kukevskiy, Ostrovskaya).
2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologorazvedochnyy institut (for Zolotareva). (Oil well drilling fluids) (Glay)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/15/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R002065410008-5

AUTHORS:

Zolotareva, A.T. and Grinberg, Z.P., Staff Marbers of the 507/92-58-7-5/87

Ukreinian Branch of VIII(IIII

TITLE:

Lowering the Viscoulty of the Drilling Mid by Living It (Subjective vyazkosti burovykh rastvosov isventkovankyem)

PERIODICAL:

Neftyanik, 1958, No 7, pp 6 - 8 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author states that the geological platform "Dolling" is mostly composed of clayer siltatone rocks. In the process of drilling, these rocks mix with the Crilling mid and hinder the operation of the turbo-drill because they increase the viscosity and static shear stress of the wed. Under the drilling conditions of the "Dolina" platform it is not always possible to reduce viscosity of the and by existing reagents (sulfite-alcohol liquid, computed, symbol, otc.). However, studies and tests made in the Laboratory of the Ukrathian VHIGHI have proved that the viscosity and stable chear strens of the drilling mud can be reduced by the nimultaneous introduction of sulfite-alcohol Miquid, NaoW and Line. Due to the introduction of

Card 1/2

Lowering the Viscosity of the Drilling Mud by Liming It

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these liquids the solidification of mud as well as tool stulling is eliminated, and it becomes possible to carry out the electric logging and sinking of a casing column without difficulty. In a table the authors give the characteristics of the drilling mid before and after liming. On the basis of experimentation carried out with mad at different oil wells the authors came to the conclusion that the viscosity and static shear stress of mad can be reduced by liming it. When the treated mad is limed, the mad becomes resistant to the coagulation of cement and maintains it characteristics for a considerable period of time. The process of liming the drilling mad is simple and does not require

ASSOCIATION: Ukrainskoye otdeleniye VNIGNI (Ukrainian Branch of the All-Union Petroleum Scientific Research Institute for Geological Surveying)

1. Drilling fluids--Moistrue content 2. Drilling fluids--Viscosity 3. Calcium oxides -- Applications 4. Drilling machines -- Performance

Card 2/2

FOMENKO, Z.F.; ZOLOTAREVA, A.I.; SENTSYUK, V.P.

Alcohol oils as an antifoaming-reagent for clay muds.

Neft. i gaz. prom. no.2:32-33 Ap-Je '64. (MIRA 17:9)

ZOLOTAREVA, A.I.; FOMENKO, Z.F.; SHCHERBAKOVA, A.F.

Composition of water soluble salts in rocks of the Dolina oil field and its effect on the parameters of clay muds. Trudy UkrNIGRI no.7:126-130 463.

(MIRA 19:1)

FOMENKO, Z.F.; ZOLOTAREVA A.I.; SENTSYUK, V.P. Field testing of carbolineum, a new antifoamer. Neft. i gaz. prom. 3:33-34 JL-S 165. (MIRA 18:11)

- 1. KRYGIN, B. M.; ZOLOTAPEVA, A. V.
- 2. USSR 600
- 4. Physics Experiments
- 7. Compression during solution, Fiz. v shkole, No. 1, 1953.

9. Menthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

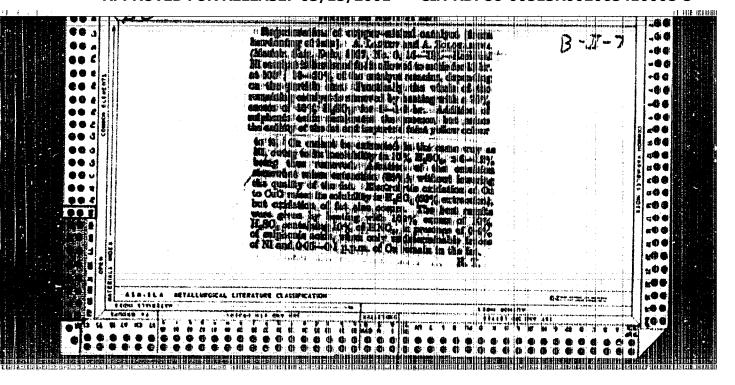
Pyelitis and its treatment. Med.sestra no.4:19-22 Ap 155.(MLRA 8:5)

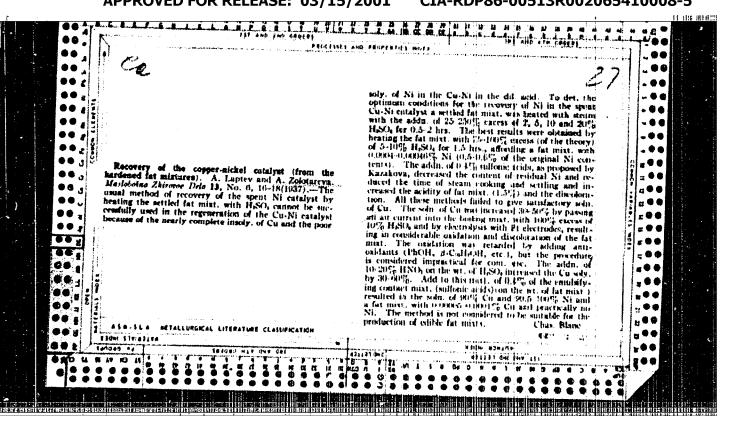
(PYELITIS, diag. & ther.)

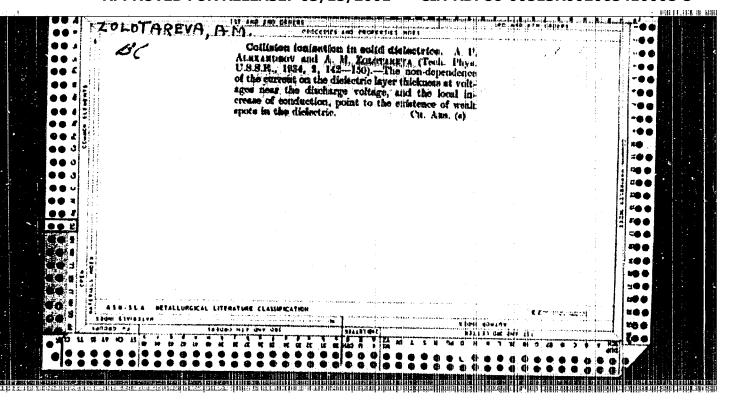
- 1. ZOLOTAREVA, A. V.: KRYGIN, B. M.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4/ Compressibility
- 7. Compression during solution. Fiz. v shkole, no. 1, 1953.

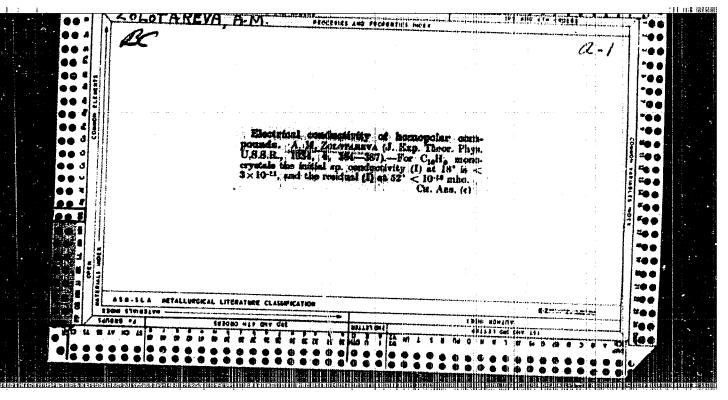
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

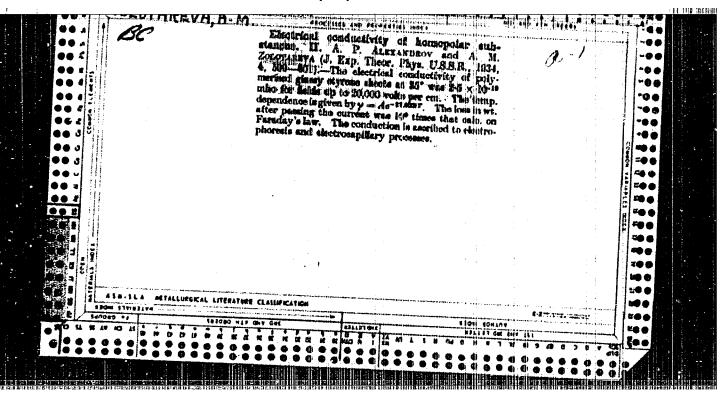
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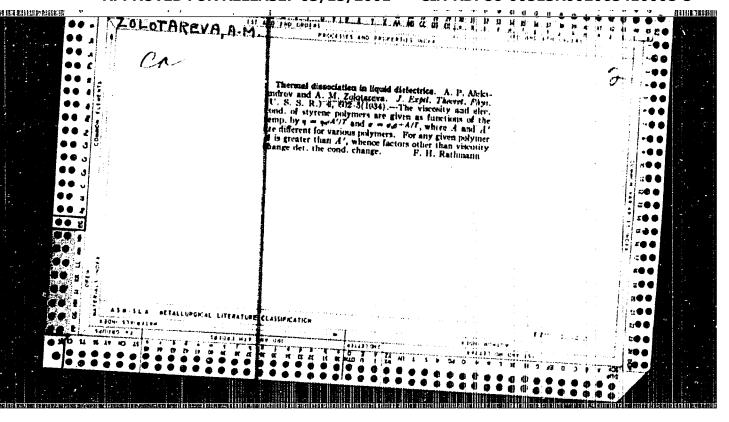


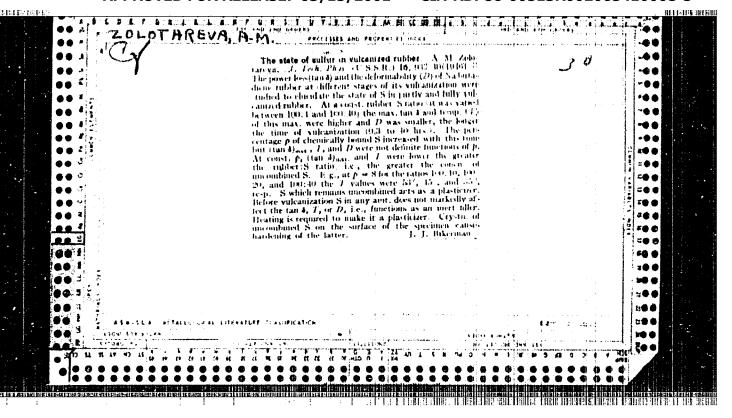


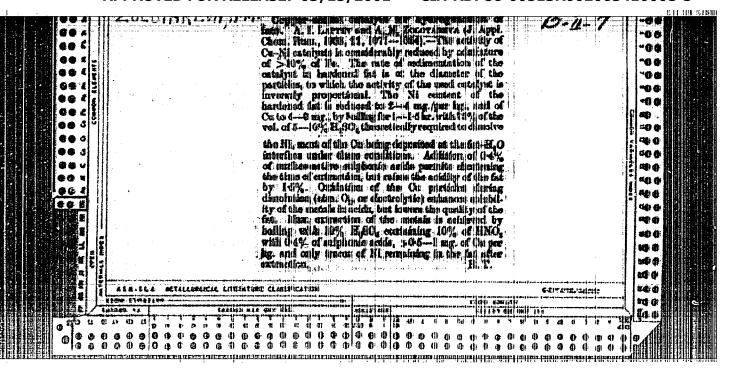


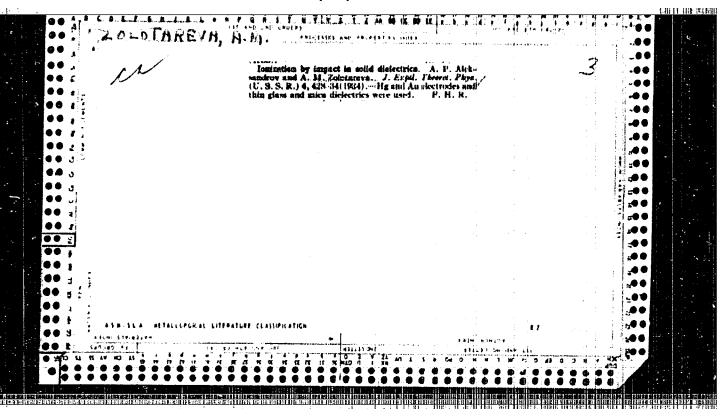






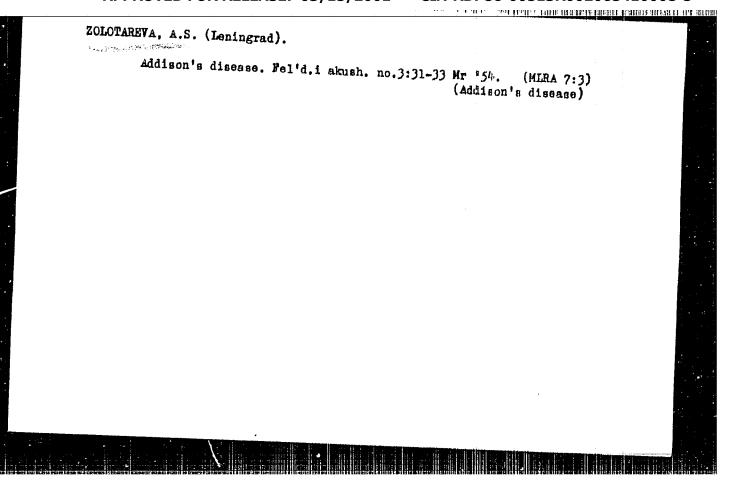






ZOLOTAREVA, A.S., vrach (Leningrad) Determination of daily diuresis. Med.sestra 15 no.8:19-22 Ag 156. (DIUREFICS AND DIURESIS) (MLRA 9:10)

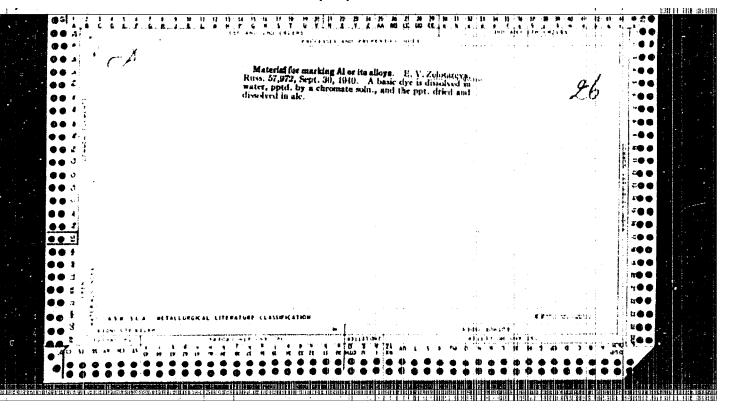
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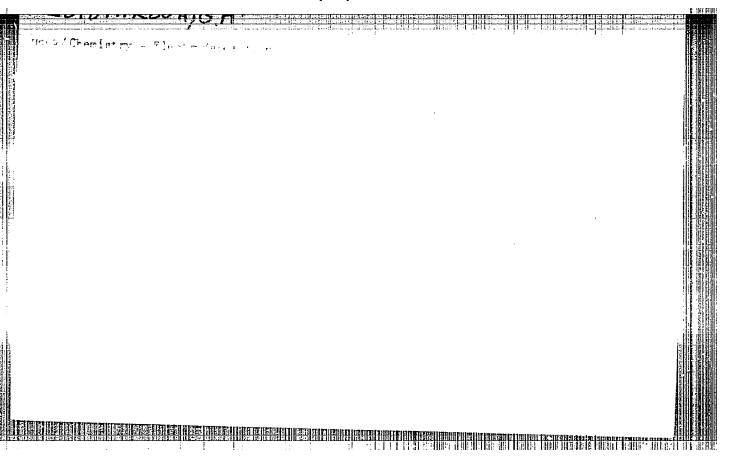


KOROLEV, Yu.A., inzh.; KOPTEV, B.G., inzh.; ZOLOTAREVA, A.S., 1rzh

Condensate outlets for sieam-can dryers. Takst. prom. 25 no.10s
(M.MA 18:10)

1. Sotrudnik Nauchno-isaledovatel'skogo skeperimenhal'no-konstruktorskogo mashinostroitel'nogo instituta.





I 44371-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T IJP(c) RM/WW/JW

ACC NR: AP6023059 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0191/66/000/004/0009/0011

AUTHOR: Zakoshchikov, S. A.; Zubareva, G. M.; Zolotareva, G. M.

ORG: none

40

TITLE: Effect of starting materials on the synthesis of polyamidoacids and their hydrolytic stability

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy, no. 4, 1966, 9-11

TOPIC TAGS: reaction rate, polyamide, synthetic material, polyester plastic

ABSTRACT: Kinetics of formation of the high molecular weight polyamidoacids from pyromellitic anhydride (PA) and methylphenylenediamine (MPD), paraphenylenediamine (PPD), hexamethylenediamine (HMD), 4,4'diaminodiphenylmethane (DPN), and 4,4-diamino-diphenyl ester (DPE) was studied in dimethylformamide solvent. The hydrolytic stability of the product polyamidoacids and the effect of reactivity of diamines on the quality of the product polymers were also investigated. It was found that the optimum concentrations of the individual diamines were: 10% for PPD, 20% for MPD, and 15% for HMD. A maximum specific viscosity of the polyamidoacid equal to 0.8-0.9 was achieved from reaction of pyromellitic anhydride with methylphenylenediamine at 0.2% H2O in dimethylformamide. It was found that the reactivity of the diamids declines in the following order: hexamethylenediamine>decamethylenediamine>4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane>.

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L 44371-60 ACC NR: A 4.4'-diam	P6023059		nediamine>metaphenylenediamine>diami			0		
ate of hy	drolvsis	mino-3,3'-dimethyldipho of polyamidoacids was art. has: 5 figures,	found to do	enylenedi 4'-diamin ease with	amine>diami odiphenylsu docreasing	nodiph lfone. speci	enyle- The fic	
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VLADIMIROV, Sergey Vladimirovich; ZOLOTAFEVA, Klavdiya Aleksandrovna;

MASLOVA, Izol'da Petrovna; MIKHAYLOV, Vladimir Vasil'yevich;

SIDEL'KOVSKAYA, F.P., kand. khim. nauk, red.; KORNEYEV, S.G., red.; POFOV, V.N., tekhn. red.

[Nonageing polymers]Nestareiushchie polimery. Tambov, Tambovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 78 p. (MIRA 15:11)

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